



ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΘΕΣΣΑΛΙΑΣ



Démographie spatiale/Spatial Demography

Session 5: Case study

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Χρηματοδότηση

- Το παρόν εκπαιδευτικό υλικό έχει αναπτυχθεί στα πλαίσια του εκπαιδευτικού έργου του διδάσκοντα.
- Το έργο «**Ανοικτά Ακαδημαϊκά Μαθήματα στο Πανεπιστήμιο Θεσσαλίας**» έχει χρηματοδοτήσει μόνο τη αναδιαμόρφωση του εκπαιδευτικού υλικού.
- Το έργο υλοποιείται στο πλαίσιο του Επιχειρησιακού Προγράμματος «Εκπαίδευση και Δια Βίου Μάθηση» και συγχρηματοδοτείται από την Ευρωπαϊκή Ένωση (Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινωνικό Ταμείο) και από εθνικούς πόρους.



Population redistribution in western Balkans: Crises and population mobility (1989-2001). The case of Albania (A review of methodology and main conclusions)

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Outline

- Introduction
- Data Sources
- Definitions of population sub-groups
 - Origin/Destination Matrix
 - Formulation of migration rates
- Spatial focusing in the migration system
 - Age-specific migration rates
- Impact of internal migration on the geography of cohort fertility
- Discussion

Data Sources (1)

Population and Housing Census 2001 (INSTAT):

§ Census available in individual records (i.e. 3.069.275 records)

§ Building, Dwelling, Household and **individual** questionnaires

§ Administrative structure of 12 Prefectures, **36 Districts**, 65 Municipalities, 309 Communes (**374 communes**), 3051 villages

§ No post-enumeration survey, quality “**fairly good**” due to questions raised regarding completeness, failure to capture external migration and Albanian household structure.

Age declaration **good** (Lerch & Wanner (2008), author’s interviews with local experts in 2006)

Population and Housing Census 1989 (INSTAT):

§ Census available in individual records in **magnetic tape recordings** (i.e. 3.182.417 records)

§ Restored data: Village of residence in 1989, age and sex

§ Administrative structure of **26 Districts**, **2848 villages**

§ Completeness and declaration of age “**very good**”, an under-enumeration of women is probable (INSTAT & UNFPA (1999) & author’s interviews with local experts in 2006)

Vital statistics data from INSTAT were **not available** in the administrative levels of interest.

Data Sources (2)

()

District _____ () Comm/Munic _____ ()

Town/Village _____ () EA _____ Building _____

Dwelling _____

Person (ID_PERSON_PPI)

First name _____

Surname _____

1. Sex (SEX)

Male 1

Female 2

2. Age (AGE)

3. Place of birth (PLACE_OF_BIRTH)

In Albania 1

District/Village (ID_DISTRICT_BIRTH ID_VILLAGE_BIRTH)

Abroad 2

Country (ID_COUNTRY_BIRTH) _____

4. Where were you residing on 1 April 1989 (RESIDING_89) (Only for persons born before 1 April 1989)

In Albania 1

District/Village (ID_DISTRICT_RES89 ID_VILLAGE_RES89)

Abroad 2

Country (ID_COUNTRY_RES89) _____

5. Where were you residing on 1 April 2000 (RESIDING_00) (only for persons born before 1 April 2000)

In Albania 1

District/Village (ID_DISTRICT_RES00 ID_VILLAGE_RES00)

Abroad 2

Country (ID_COUNTRY_RES00) _____

6. Place of presence at census moment (PRESENCE)

At the same place where you reside 1

Elsewhere in Albania 2

District/Village (ID_DISTRICT_PRES ID_VILLAGE_PRES)

Abroad 3

Country (ID_COUNTRY_PRES) _____

If in another place or abroad, the reason for your absence: (ABSENCE_REASON)

Studies 1

Work 2

In an institutional household 3

Other/Not known 4

7. What is your marital status? (MARITAL_STATUS)

Single 1

Married 2

Widowed 3

Divorced 4

Month and year of last marriage

MARRIAGE_DATE

MARRIAGE_MONTH

Questions 8-10 only for persons 6 years and above

8. Do you know how to write and read? (WRITE)

Yes 1

No 2

9. How many year of school have you successfully completed? (SCHOOL_YEAR)

10. What is the highest diploma obtained? (SCHOOL_LEVEL)

No diploma 1

4 years school (elementary) 2

8 years school (lower secondary) 3

Upper secondary - Vocational (2 years) 4

Upper secondary General (4 years) 5

Upper secondary Technical (4 years) 6

University 7

Post-University 8

If you have a university degree, specify it

_____ ()

DIPLOMA_COD

Only for women 15 years and over

11. Number of children

How many children have you born?

(including those no longer living)

(CHILDREN)

How many of them are still alive?

(CHILDREN_ALIVE)

LDSA Definition of population sub-groups (2001)

www.ldsa.gr

§ We considered a **spatial demographic accounting** exercise between two areas based on the examples of Wunsch & Termote (1978: 197) and Rees (1979), by introducing migration (internal and external); on the hypothesis of one migration per individual (change in the place of residence 1989-2001). Although **migration** is treated as a “**noise**” factor (closed populations); in this case we treat the effects of **fertility**, **mortality** and **external migration** on population change as “**noise**”. Subsequently, based on the place of residence in 1989 we derive the following population sub-groups in 2001

Group 1: Total number of individuals that resided in the same District/Commune in 1989 and 2001 (Stable population)

Group 2a: Total number of individuals residing in a District/Commune in 2001 but not residing there in 1989 (Total Inflow – Internal migrants)

Group 2b: Total number of individuals residing in a District in 1989 but not residing there in 2001 (Total Outflow-Internal migrants)

Group 3: Total number of individuals recorded as being abroad in 1989 or 2001

Group 4: Total number of individuals aged < 12 years in 2001

Group 5: Total number of individuals with unknown or not available District of residence either in 1989, or in 2001

Alive in
1989 & 2001
(aged ≥ 12 in
2001)

LDSA Definition of population sub-groups (1989)

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§ Therefore the total population of 1989 could be expressed by using 2001 population sub-groups:

$$Pop.1989_i = \overset{\circ}{a} [(Group1)_i, (Group2b)_i, (P_R)_i]$$

where:

Group 1: Total number of individuals that resided in the same District/Commune in 1989 and 2001 (Stable population)

Group 2b: Total number of individuals residing in a District in 1989 but not residing there in 2001 (Total Outflow)

P_R: the share of population which includes the individuals that died in the period 1989-2001 and the individuals who fuelled external migration

and i = 1st, 2nd, ..., Xth district/commune

Modified Areal Unit Problem (MAUP)

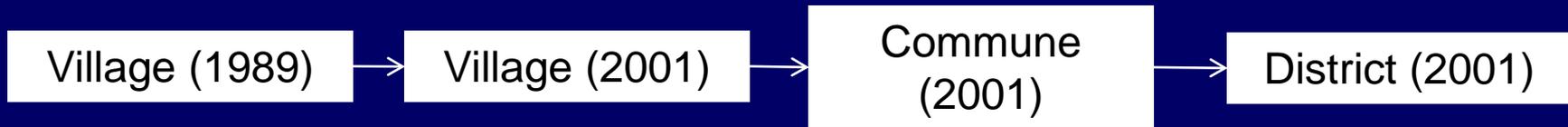
As the next step the different spatial scales - *Modified Areal Unit Problem* (Openshaw, 1983) - regarding the censuses had to be addressed due to:

§ successive administrative changes (6, between 1989-2001),

§ establishment of commune level, **not present** in 1989,

§ the **absence** of commune level in the 2001 questionnaire regarding the place of residence in 1989 (**District & village**).

Data transformation to 2001 administrative structure



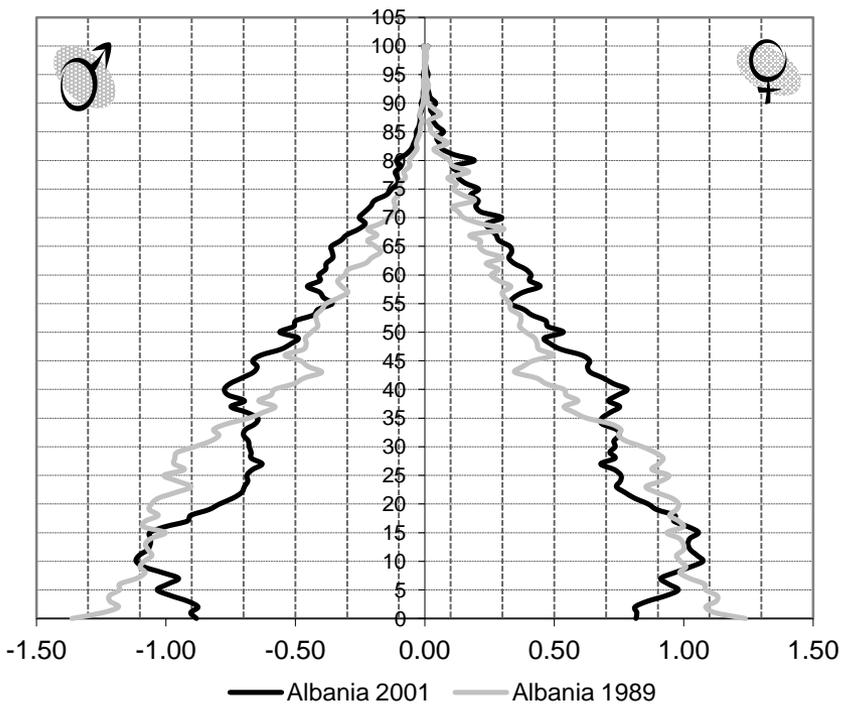
Data transformation to 1989 District level



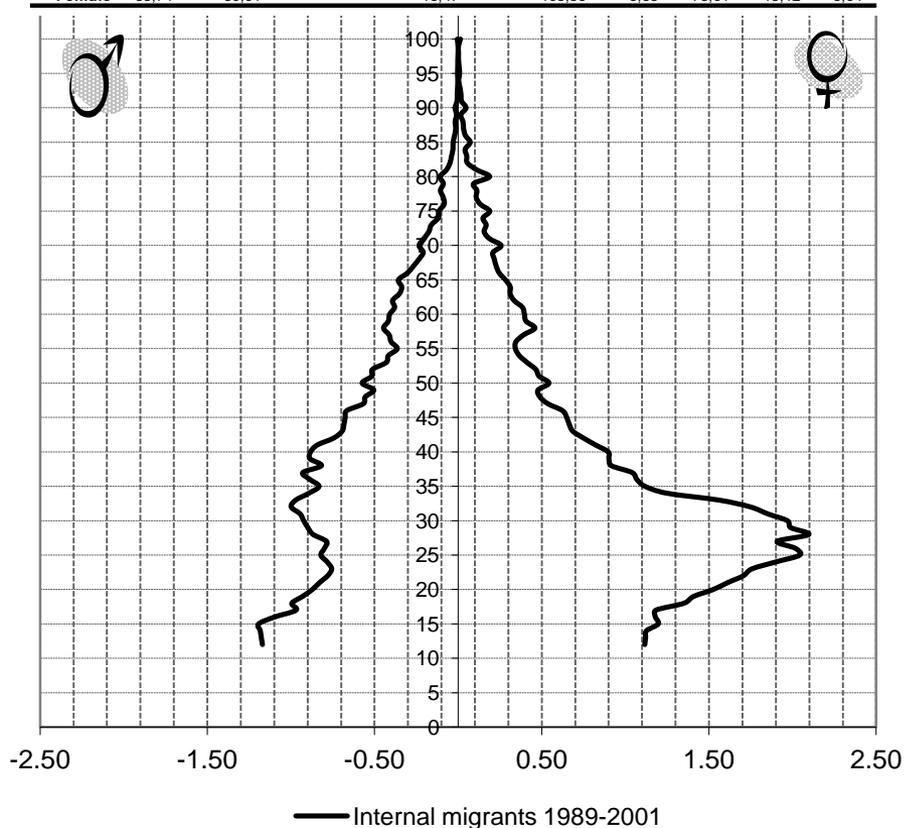
Sources: Printed maps obtained by Albanian Military Geographical Service & National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, GEOnet Names Server (GNS) (<http://earth-info.nga.mil/>)

295.870 & 441.845 internal migrants
(district/commune level)

	Mean age	Median age	Sex ratio	Dependency index	Aging index	(%) 0-14	(%) 15-44	(%) 45-64	(%) 65+
1989									
Total	26,66	23,03	106,07	62,12	16,05	33,02	47,42	14,27	5,30
Male	26,15	23,01	-	61,03	13,35	33,44	47,78	14,32	4,46
Female	27,19	23,04	-	63,30	18,99	32,58	47,03	14,21	6,19
2001									
Total	30,18	27,02	99,45	58,29	25,74	29,29	45,32	17,86	7,54
Male	29,90	27,01	-	59,26	23,43	30,15	44,41	18,38	7,06
Female	30,47	27,03	-	57,33	28,18	28,43	46,22	17,34	8,01
Δ(1989,2001)									
Total	-3,53	-3,99	6,62	3,84	-9,69	3,73	2,10	-3,59	-2,24
Male	-3,75	-4,00	-	1,77	-10,08	3,29	3,36	-4,05	-2,60
Female	-3,27	-3,99	-	5,97	-9,19	4,15	0,81	-3,14	-1,82



	Mean age	Median age	Sex ratio	Dependency index	Aging index	(%) 0-14	(%) 15-44	(%) 45-64	(%) 65+
Total	34,80	31,02	73,46	15,68	96,64	6,89	68,40	18,05	6,66
Male	36,25	34,01	-	18,83	90,05	8,34	62,13	22,02	7,51
Female	33,74	30,01	-	13,47	103,56	5,83	73,01	15,12	6,04



Formulation of migration rates

The issue of the **denominator** in migration rates is well discussed in the literature.

(see Thomlinson (1962), Hamilton (1965 & 1966), Shryock et al. (1976: 375), Courgeau (1975)).

Based on the sub-groups of population we defined population-at-risk per direction:

§ **inflow population-at-risk (receiving)** = (Stable + Inflow)

§ **outflow population-at-risk (sending)** = (Stable + Outflow)

Subsequently, we have:

§ **inflow migration rate** = $(Group2a)_i / \overset{\circ}{a} [(Group1)_i, (Group2a)_i]$

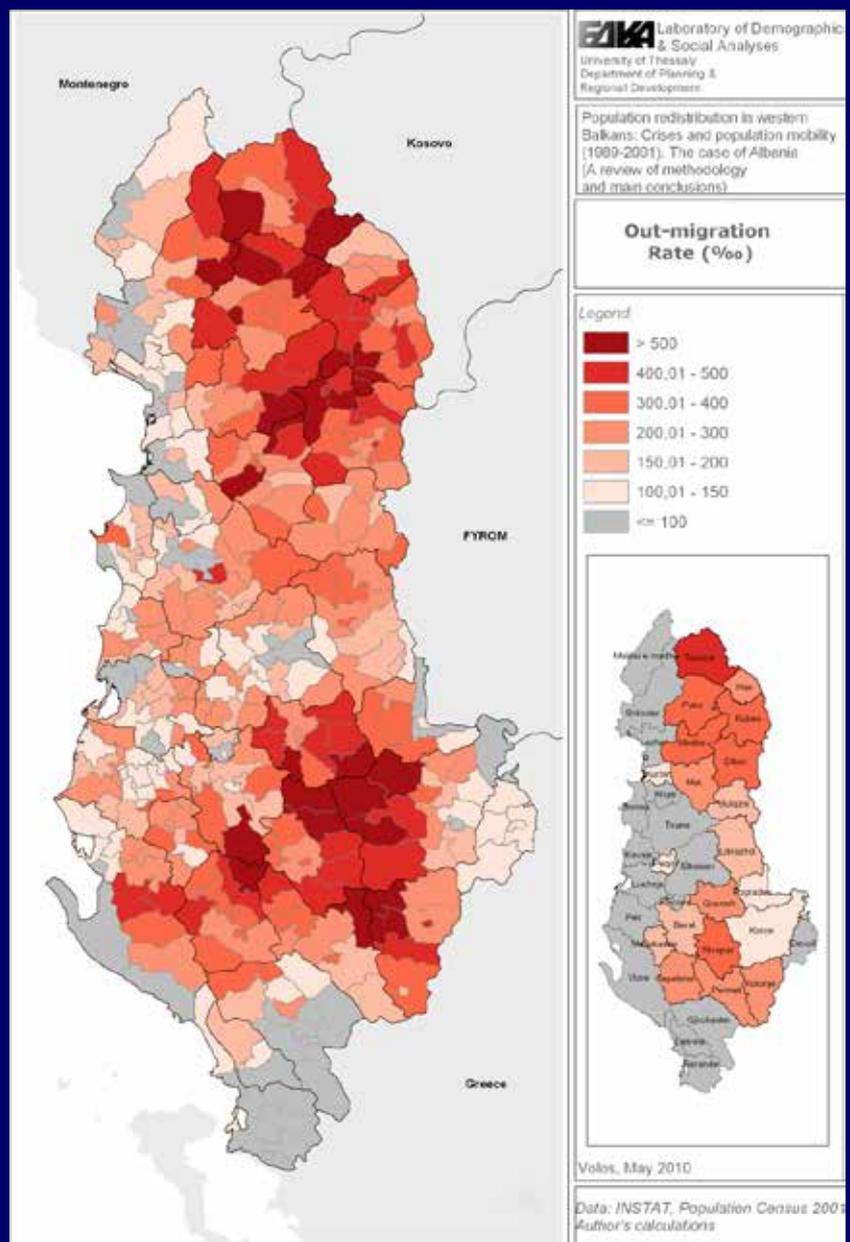
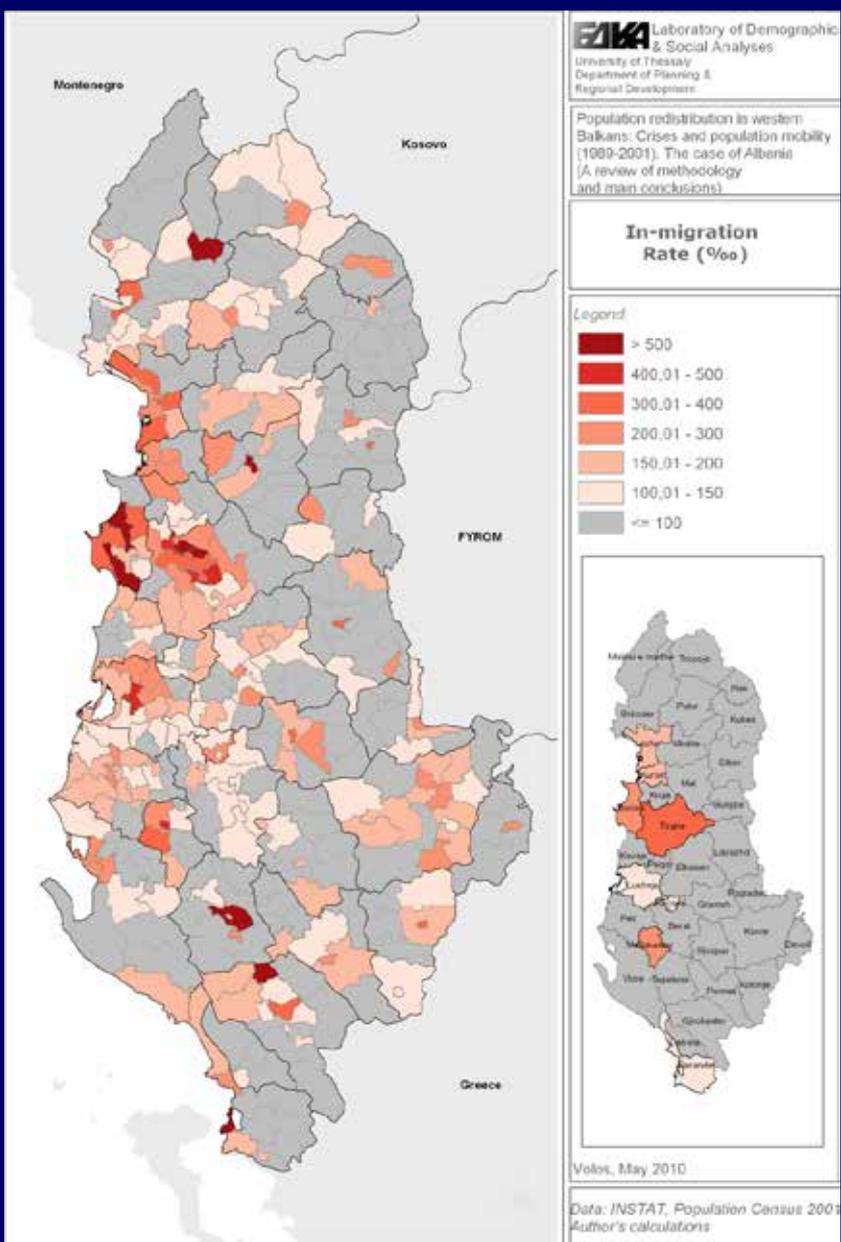
an estimation of the share of population of each District/Commune in 2001 that was alive during 1989-2001, did not experience any form of external migration and resided in a different District/Commune in 1989

§ **outflow migration rate** = $(Group2b)_i / \overset{\circ}{a} [(Group1)_i, (Group2b)_i]$

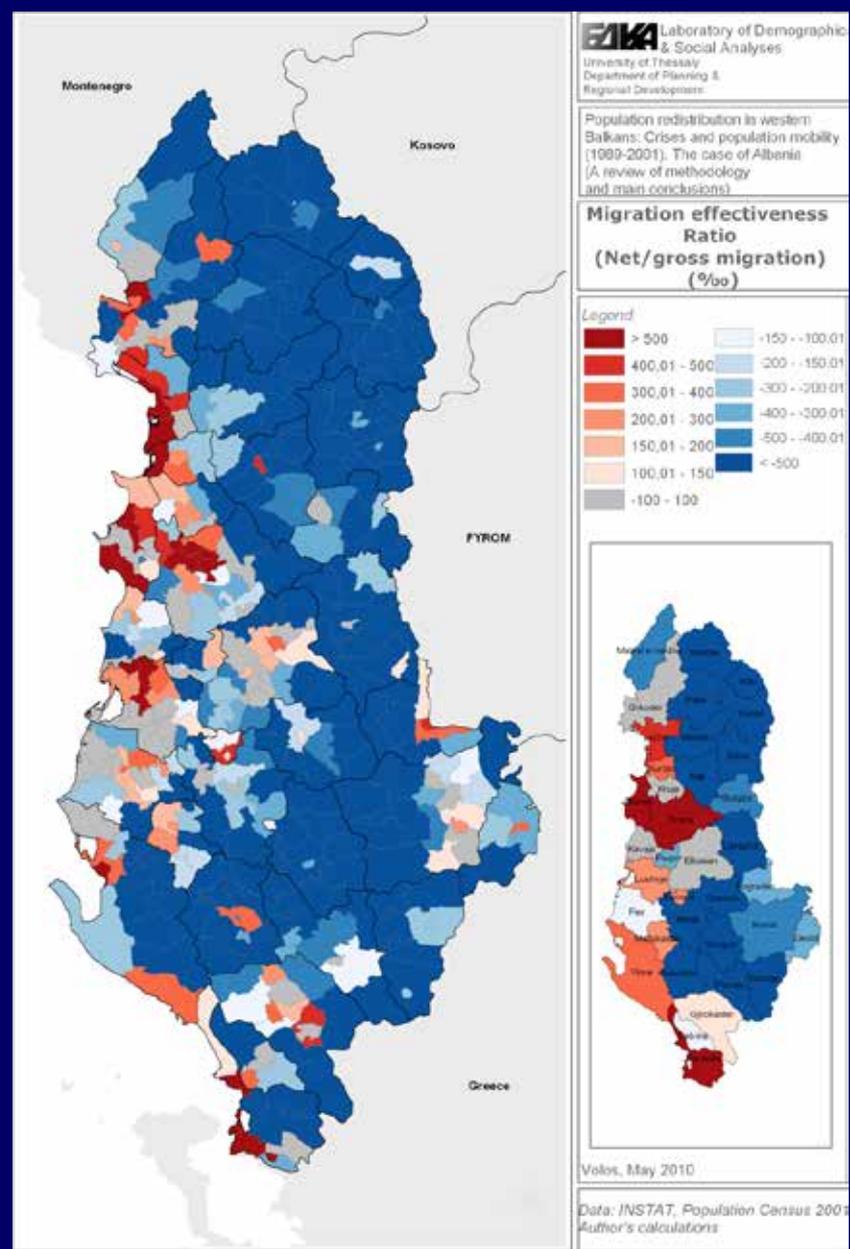
an estimation of the share of population of each District/Commune in 1989, that was alive during 1989-2001, did not experience any form of external migration and resided in a different District/Commune in 2001

Attributes: Comparable rates, consideration of origin and destination areas, can be disaggregated to age-sex specific rates.

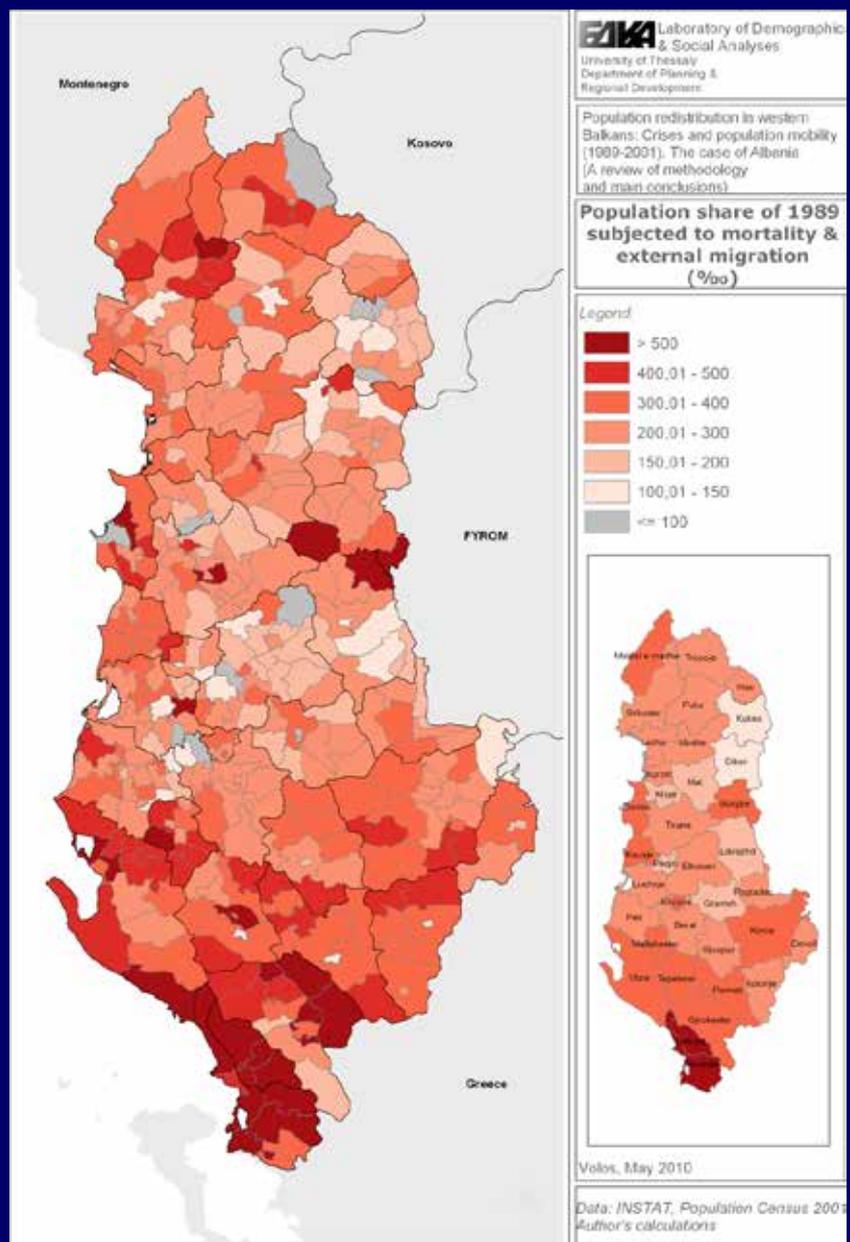
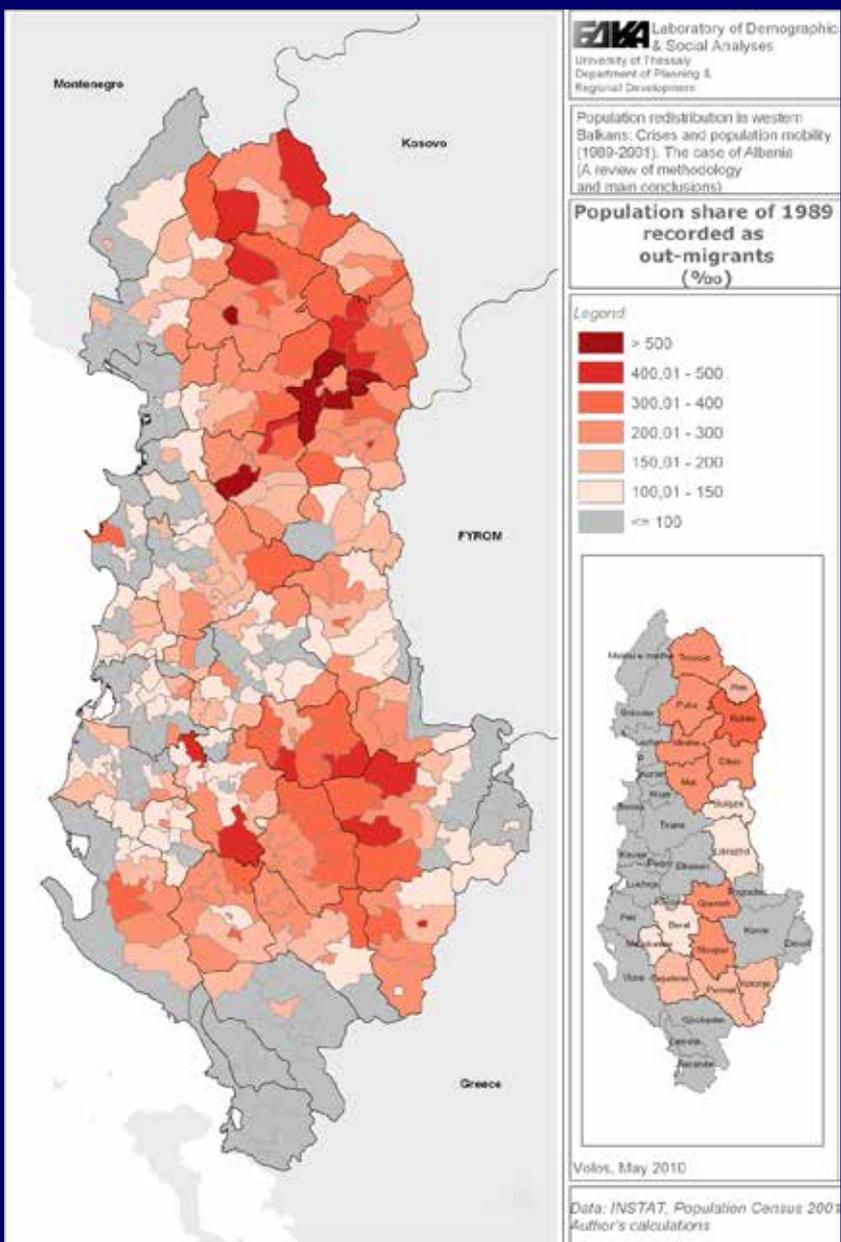
Selected rates & indices



Selected rates & indices



Selected rates & indices



Spatial focusing in the migration system

Plane & Mulligan (1996) define a measure for spatial focusing;

“. . . to mean the inequality that exists in the relative volumes of a set of origin-destination-specific migration flows. A **high degree of spatial focusing** means that most in-migrants are moving selectively to only a few destinations and that most out-migrants are leaving only a few origins. A **low degree** of spatial focusing means that migrants are moving among all possible origins and destinations in relatively equal numbers.”

We adopt their approach and use the Gini Index as a summary measure of spatial focusing. Specifically, we calculated:

Rows (outflow) Gini Index

$${}^T G_{R\bullet}(t) = \frac{\sum_i \sum_{j \neq i} \sum_{h \neq i, j} |m_{ij} - m_{ih}|}{2n(n-1)T}$$

Columns (inflow) Gini Index

$${}^T G_{\bullet C}(t) = \frac{\sum_j \sum_{i \neq j} \sum_{g \neq j, i} |m_{ij} - m_{gj}|}{2n(n-1)T}$$

Out (Row) migration field Gini Index

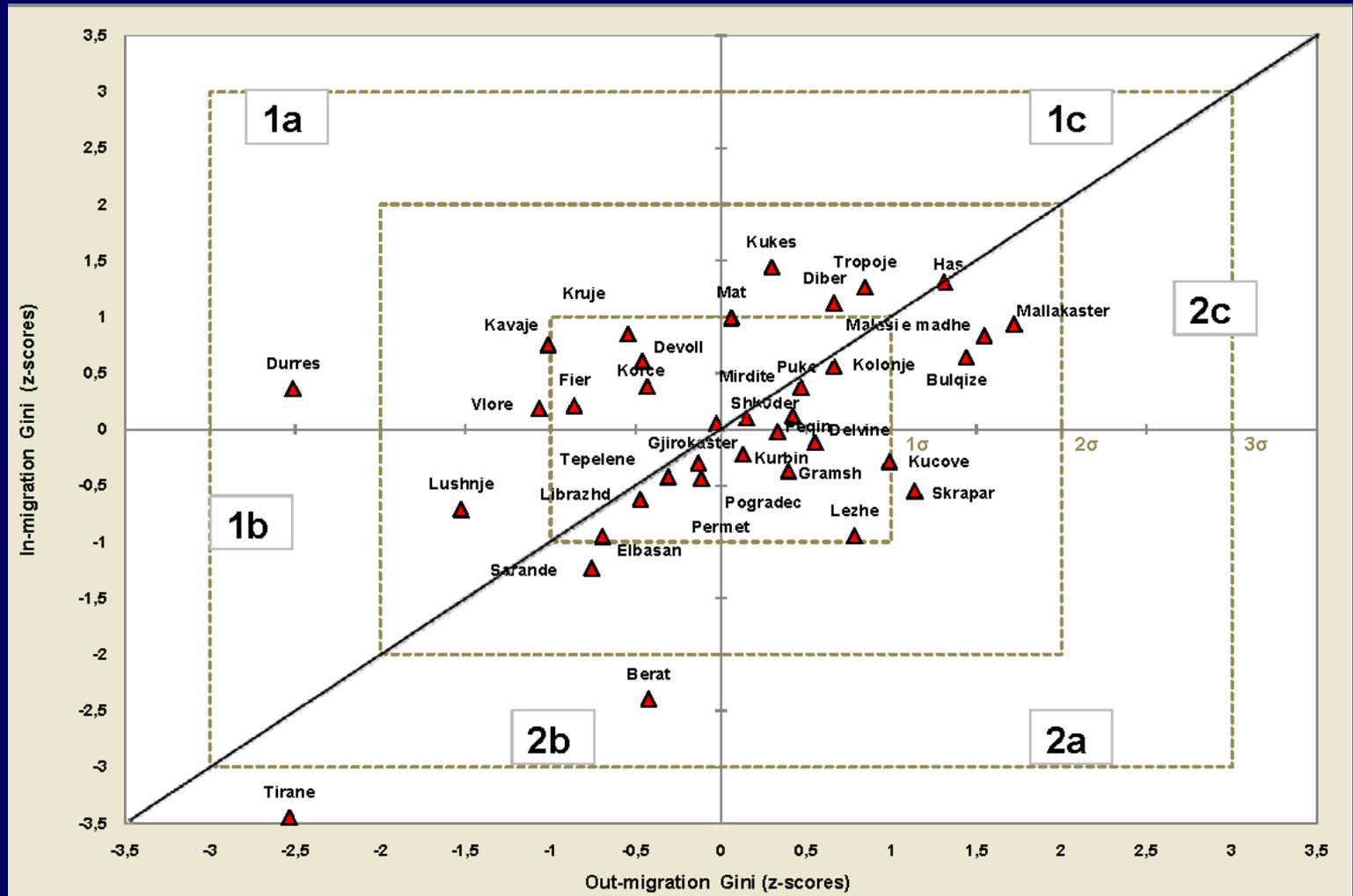
$${}^O G_{k\bullet}(t) = \frac{\sum_{j \neq k} \sum_{h \neq k} |m_{kj} - m_{kh}|}{2(n-1)^2 \sum_{j \neq k} m_{kj} / (n-1)} = \frac{\sum_{j \neq k} \sum_{h \neq k} |m_{kj} - m_{kh}|}{2(n-1)O_k}$$

In (column) migration field Gini Index

$${}^I G_{\bullet k}(t) = \frac{\sum_{i \neq k} \sum_{g \neq k} |m_{ik} - m_{gk}|}{2(n-1)^2 \sum_{i \neq k} m_{ik} / (n-1)} = \frac{\sum_{i \neq k} \sum_{g \neq k} |m_{ik} - m_{gk}|}{2(n-1)I_k}$$

Spatial focusing in the migration system

Rogers & Raymer (1998) corroborating Plane & Mulligan (1996) derived a typology that characterized the redistributive role of US states to the national migration system in a migration field diagram by plotting the z-scores of in and out migration field Gini indices.



District level

Spatial focusing in the migration system

Group 1a: Greater in inflows than in outflows

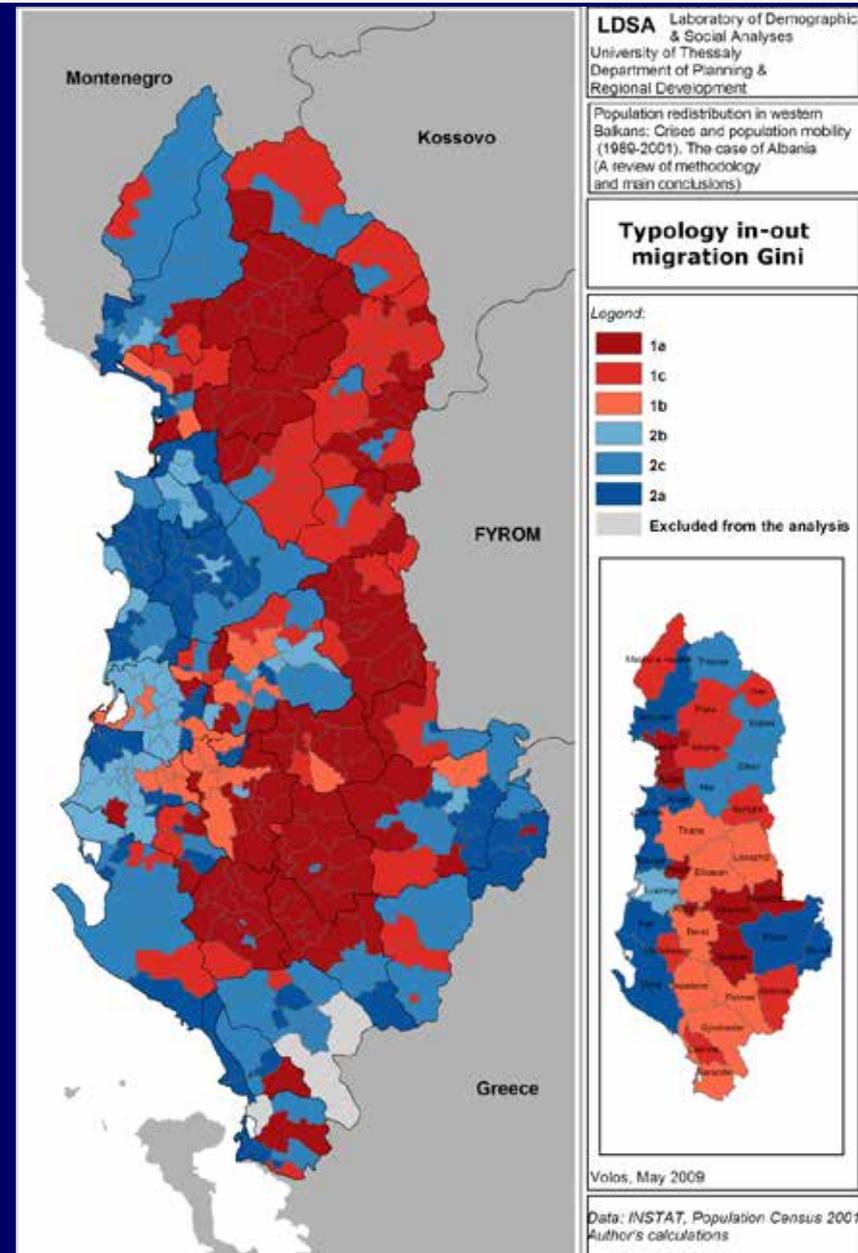
Group 1c: intense relationships with limited communes, low participation in the system

Group 1b: low degree of spatial focusing, great participation to the system

Group 2a: Greater in outflows than in inflows

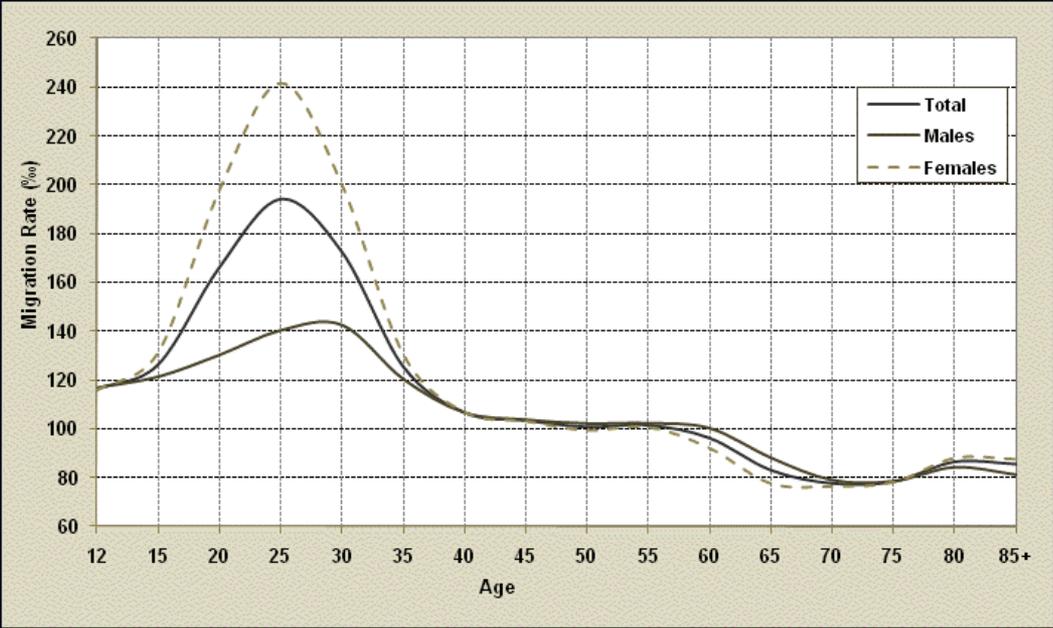
Group 2c: intense relationships with limited communes, low participation in the system

Group 2b: low degree of spatial focusing, great participation to the system

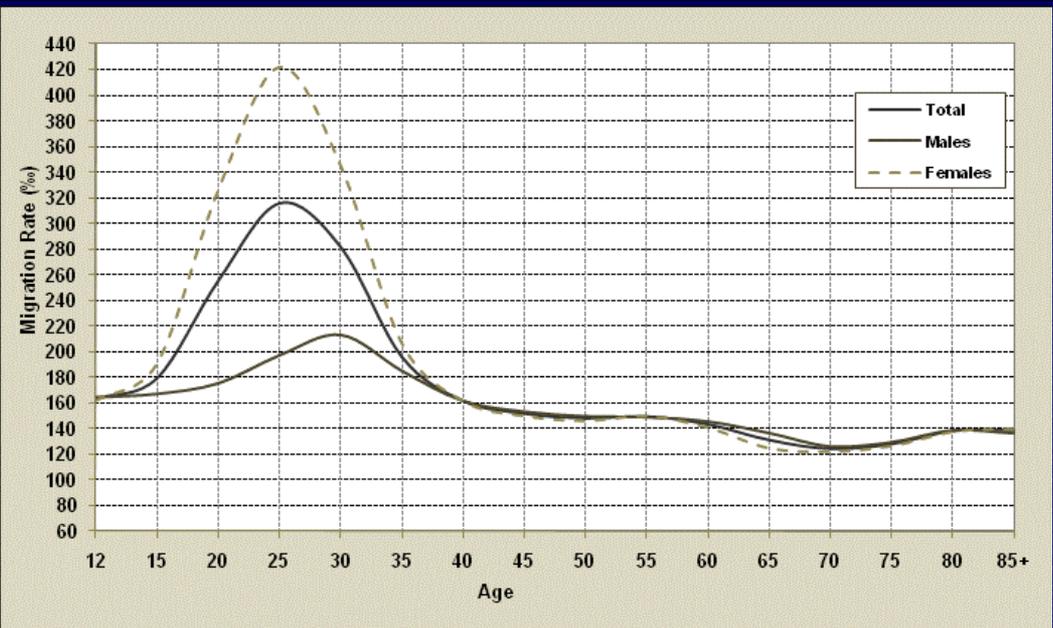


Age-specific migration rates

Districts



Communes



Spatial variation in age schedules

Age selectivity in migration (both directions) varied spatially. In order to capture spatial variation, we derived model age schedules in respect to the national schedule.

Firstly, we calculated confidence intervals for ages (denominator *fixed*, numerator *a Poisson random variable*) in national age schedule and selected the maximum range (widest); secondly, the differences with the national age schedule was derived and a typology was derived by applying the methodology derived in Bertin (1981)

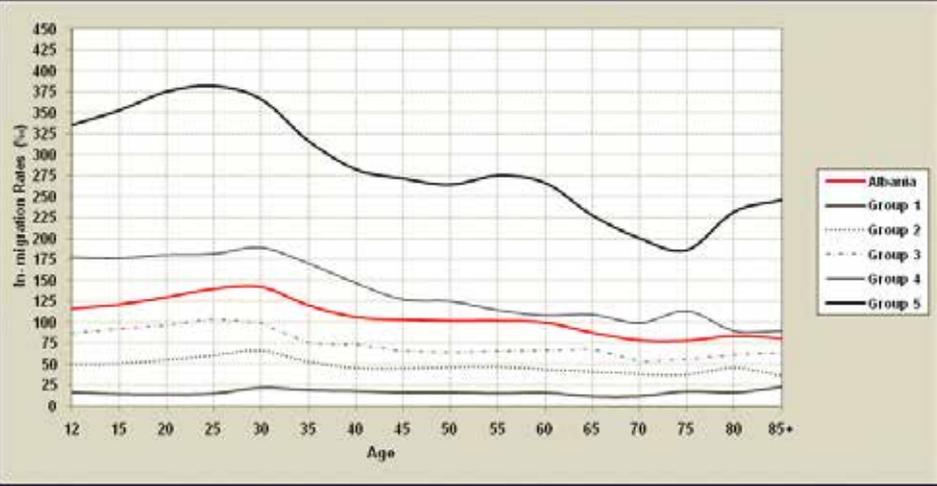
>= 100 **50 - 99,9** **10 - 49,9** **9,9 - - 9,9** **-49,9 - -10** **-99,9 - -50** **<= -100**

District/Age	AGE SPECIFIC IN MIGRATION RATE																
	12-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+	
Berat	93,12	96,01	94,16	85,82	84,74	83,43	81,08	83,13	77,34	78,10	67,95	62,51	51,05	50,87	66,41	54,49	
Bulqizë	49,08	44,01	65,61	64,17	53,94	32,17	27,07	32,03	41,24	53,80	45,13	14,00	28,92	-0,92	29,47	56,37	
Delvine	27,31	45,48	34,06	13,41	57,64	19,27	30,75	29,94	44,06	63,46	54,16	53,15	44,87	62,23	37,52	43,23	
Devoll	94,71	99,17	99,88	70,83	52,35	75,07	86,32	87,01	85,94	88,35	86,95	81,61	72,31	71,25	80,45	85,78	
Diber	111,73	117,61	135,96	154,83	143,31	115,49	98,16	96,36	96,32	93,78	89,78	77,56	77,06	73,87	81,58	75,26	
Durrës	-192,78	-208,66	-245,54	-222,55	-200,42	-169,81	-143,99	-133,83	-126,16	-134,36	-118,55	-106,86	-86,09	-113,54	-139,85	-148,41	
Elbasan	76,98	83,95	97,67	106,65	87,78	73,41	69,07	67,08	66,44	64,01	55,78	40,93	28,78	32,18	40,49	39,27	
Fier	50,47	50,77	48,55	45,54	49,22	52,13	48,31	44,71	48,98	46,84	46,07	31,66	34,41	38,14	33,53	33,37	
Gramsh	102,64	110,47	120,09	133,20	122,35	92,89	88,45	88,41	87,44	92,01	83,02	71,17	70,75	60,68	86,70	75,03	
Gjirokastrë	72,41	80,20	85,13	98,41	87,86	75,64	66,97	68,26	58,90	57,77	66,75	60,07	52,09	51,05	42,70	49,31	
Has	111,45	114,48	130,35	141,54	133,88	109,02	95,28	93,70	94,17	96,55	94,40	66,03	77,86	63,90	86,70	89,78	
Kavajë	51,46	47,41	49,32	27,70	41,93	55,02	48,70	56,90	54,63	55,47	49,87	44,06	43,84	49,79	42,69	39,12	
Kolonjë	77,93	95,43	73,98	51,66	51,33	72,34	79,79	84,11	76,54	76,82	69,92	69,32	66,49	43,01	80,92	65,16	
Korçë	60,38	66,39	70,65	76,04	75,44	70,48	63,40	60,34	57,07	60,75	56,42	48,90	48,81	51,12	52,55	46,57	
Krujë	43,44	42,43	36,56	42,80	53,04	52,03	46,68	36,35	42,80	44,27	41,47	12,09	26,26	35,94	34,30	46,57	
Kuçovë	20,48	8,28	-37,74	-71,60	-76,34	9,68	8,19	31,04	22,44	-5,89	-6,71	-9,63	-3,54	5,85	-16,39	10,20	
Kukës	103,74	114,69	137,95	158,64	141,22	109,17	88,37	90,75	86,05	89,28	83,40	74,22	63,97	67,60	71,40	66,02	
Kurbin	-56,08	-77,82	-93,81	-80,68	-75,50	-47,16	-50,90	-20,24	-31,11	-36,29	-18,41	-58,25	-35,87	-49,66	-19,58	-26,58	
Lezhë	-61,06	-60,74	-61,17	-74,85	-62,21	-53,44	-27,19	-24,32	-25,81	-13,23	-6,07	-21,88	-23,56	-10,30	-27,84	5,58	
Librazhd	101,75	108,26	126,68	143,13	124,86	101,42	89,06	83,86	84,90	90,84	77,57	69,12	68,31	58,94	62,74	64,51	
Lushnjë	8,81	11,20	7,62	-10,34	4,70	32,30	25,32	26,50	28,99	21,68	16,63	19,22	22,81	9,28	16,42	19,01	
Malesi e madhe	91,62	91,70	110,48	119,85	139,42	99,76	84,53	81,42	81,66	84,28	83,30	70,56	69,52	63,34	62,61	62,20	
Mallakastër	-105,95	-105,19	-127,89	-147,45	-138,83	-130,38	-120,86	-127,26	-113,74	-86,78	-110,55	-118,62	-135,16	-103,11	-117,78	-140,46	
Mat	90,89	94,70	128,38	146,62	131,31	98,36	83,87	76,05	76,80	83,82	80,70	70,46	65,27	56,97	67,84	66,55	
Mirditë	99,71	108,75	106,33	89,42	80,74	86,42	83,66	83,49	92,14	84,81	85,60	72,89	70,58	59,68	67,41	57,13	
Pecin	96,66	100,16	71,81	41,14	45,13	80,47	80,33	95,11	85,41	88,58	80,02	70,60	60,94	68,46	78,92	68,08	
Permet	83,59	91,43	96,90	70,47	54,26	66,89	78,65	77,83	75,80	83,92	82,98	59,04	59,31	63,47	70,78	54,95	
Pogradec	84,73	88,86	85,82	86,76	71,57	69,89	71,24	63,65	63,48	60,99	46,31	60,44	36,25	31,20	53,58	66,17	
Puke	111,38	111,63	110,48	100,94	113,41	112,20	99,75	95,94	92,72	96,74	91,59	76,40	72,48	75,32	79,88	81,47	
Sarandë	-50,09	-23,28	-34,79	-44,78	-56,81	-52,87	-29,28	-20,73	-14,46	8,33	10,65	23,29	13,93	4,08	4,91	23,00	
Skrapar	87,87	98,19	86,58	97,52	89,64	78,54	76,83	68,38	62,90	62,20	60,77	57,09	49,91	42,78	61,78	45,24	
Shkodër	76,75	82,47	112,61	127,84	114,67	86,21	74,54	78,94	73,49	74,02	68,33	57,12	57,05	58,03	54,89	49,65	
Tepelene	95,53	108,10	89,08	84,43	90,26	90,38	84,80	87,85	93,71	86,38	80,37	75,79	65,68	70,86	67,40	67,67	
Tiranë	-233,89	-244,27	-242,67	-219,91	-205,32	-195,95	-186,48	-172,59	-173,65	-184,87	-170,40	-136,81	-129,59	-123,54	-178,51	-197,24	
Trojanë	96,86	101,04	132,17	140,29	128,99	96,84	83,48	89,49	82,12	79,01	82,19	57,87	64,95	53,85	58,58	19,12	
Vlorë	47,95	43,47	52,27	51,13	56,96	47,08	39,55	29,15	29,55	27,53	37,99	37,27	33,11	35,50	43,06	35,28	

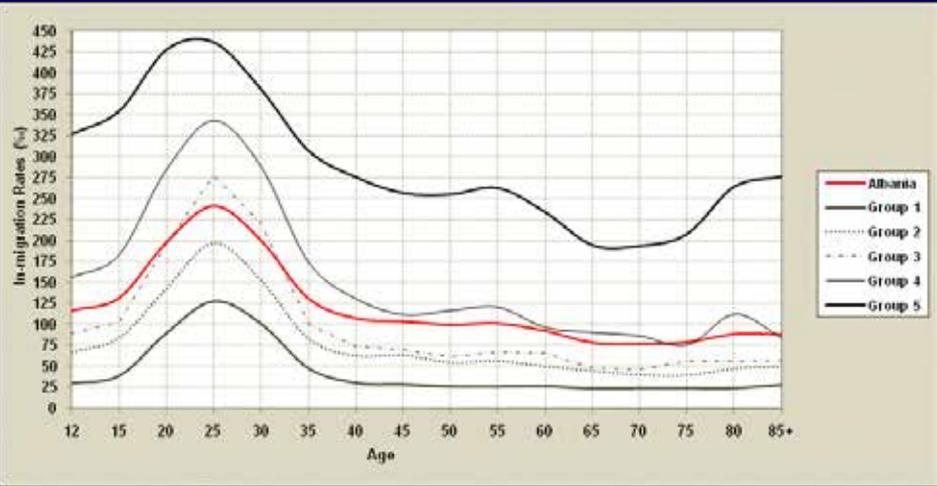
District/Age	AGE SPECIFIC IN MIGRATION RATE																
	25-29	20-24	30-34	15-19	12-14	35-39	40-44	60-64	45-49	50-54	55-59	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+	
Puke	110,48	100,94	113,41	111,63	111,38	112,20	99,75	95,94	92,72	96,74	91,59	76,40	72,48	75,32	79,88	81,47	
Has	130,35	141,54	133,88	114,48	111,45	109,02	95,28	93,70	94,17	96,55	94,40	66,03	77,86	63,90	86,70	85,78	
Diber	135,96	154,83	143,31	117,61	111,73	115,49	98,16	96,36	96,32	93,78	89,78	77,56	77,06	73,87	81,58	75,26	
Kukës	137,95	158,64	141,22	114,69	103,74	109,17	88,37	90,75	86,05	89,28	83,40	74,22	63,97	67,60	71,40	66,02	
Librazhd	126,68	143,13	124,86	108,36	101,75	101,42	89,06	83,86	84,90	90,84	77,57	69,12	68,31	58,94	62,74	64,51	
Gramsh	120,09	133,20	122,35	110,47	102,64	92,89	88,45	88,41	87,44	92,01	83,02	71,17	70,75	60,68	86,70	75,03	
Trojanë	132,17	140,29	128,99	101,04	96,86	96,84	83,48	89,49	82,12	79,01	82,19	57,87	64,95	53,85	58,36	19,12	
Malesi e madhe	107,85	119,55	139,42	91,70	91,62	99,76	84,53	81,42	81,66	84,28	83,30	70,56	69,52	63,34	62,61	62,20	
Mat	128,38	146,62	131,31	94,70	90,89	98,36	83,87	76,05	76,80	83,82	80,70	70,46	65,27	56,97	67,84	66,55	
Shkodër	112,61	127,84	114,67	82,47	76,75	86,21	74,54	78,94	73,49	74,02	68,33	57,72	51,05	58,03	54,89	49,65	
Mirditë	106,33	89,42	80,74	108,75	99,71	106,33	83,66	83,49	92,14	84,81	85,60	72,89	70,58	59,68	67,41	57,13	
Tepelene	89,08	84,43	90,26	108,10	95,53	90,38	84,00	87,85	93,71	86,38	80,37	75,79	65,68	70,86	67,04	67,67	
Devoll	99,88	70,83	52,35	99,17	94,71	75,07	86,32	87,01	85,94	88,35	86,95	81,61	72,31	71,25	80,45	85,78	
Berat	94,16	85,82	84,74	96,01	93,12	83,43	81,08	83,13	77,34	78,10	67,95	62,51	51,05	50,87	66,41	54,49	
Permet	76,98	70,47	54,26	91,43	83,59	66,89	78,65	77,83	75,80	83,92	82,98	59,04	59,31	63,47	70,78	54,95	
Kolonjë	93,90	51,66	51,33	95,43	77,93	72,34	79,79	84,11	76,54	76,82	69,92	69,32	66,49	43,01	80,92	65,16	
Gjirokastrë	85,13	98,41	87,86	80,20	72,41	75,64	66,97	68,26	58,90	57,77	66,75	60,07	52,09	51,05	42,70	49,31	
Pecin	71,81	41,14	45,13	100,16	96,66	80,47	80,33	95,11	85,41	88,58	80,02	70,60	60,94	68,46	78,92	68,08	
Skrapar	86,56	97,52	89,64	98,19	87,87	78,54	76,83	68,38	62,90	62,20	60,77	57,09	49,91	42,78	61,78	45,24	
Pogradec	85,82	86,76	71,57	88,86	84,73	69,89	71,24	63,65	63,48	60,99	46,31	60,44	36,25	31,20	53,58	66,17	
Korçë	70,65	76,04	75,44	66,39	60,38	70,48	63,40	60,34	57,07	60,75	56,42	48,90	48,81	51,12	52,55	46,57	
Elbasan	97,67	106,65	87,78	83,95	76,98	73,41	69,07	67,08	66,44	64,01	55,78	40,93	28,78	32,18	40,49	39,27	
Bulqizë	65,61	64,17	53,94	44,01	49,08	32,17	27,07	32,03	41,24	53,80	45,13	14,00	28,92	-0,92	29,47	56,37	
Vlorë	52,27	51,13	56,96	43,47	47,95	47,08	39,55	29,15	29,55	27,53	37,99	37,27	33,11	35,50	43,06	35,28	
Delvine	34,06	13,41	57,64	45,48	27,31	19,27	30,75	29,94	44,06	63,46	54,16	53,15	44,87	62,23	37,52	43,23	
Fier	48,55	45,54	49,22	50,77	50,47	52,13	48,31	44,71	48,98	46,84	46,07	31,66	34,41	38,14	33,53	33,37	
Kavajë	49,32	27,70	41,93	47,41	51,46	55,02	48,70	56,90	54,63	55,47	49,87	44,06	43,84	49,79	42,69	39,12	
Krujë	36,56	42,80	53,04	42,43	43,44	52,03	46,68	36,35	42,80	44,27	41,47	12,09	26,26	35,94	34,30	46,57	
Lushnjë	7,62																

Results

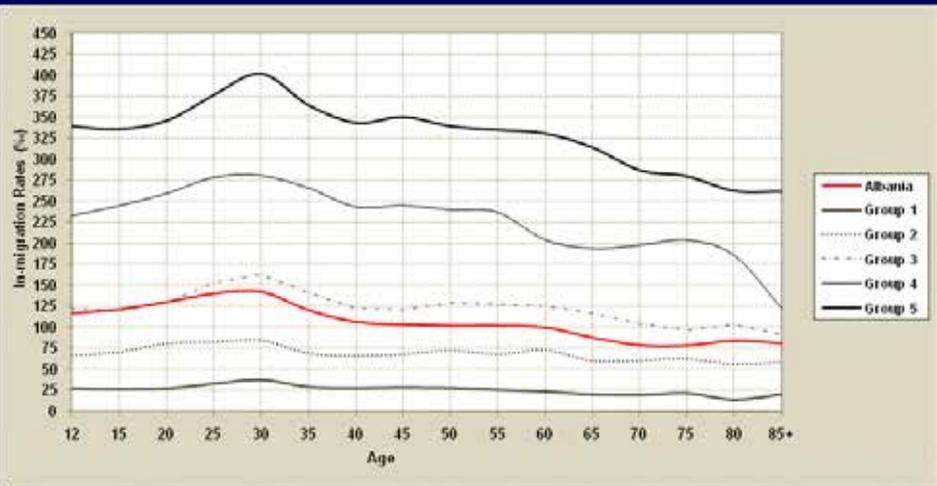
Inflow (males)



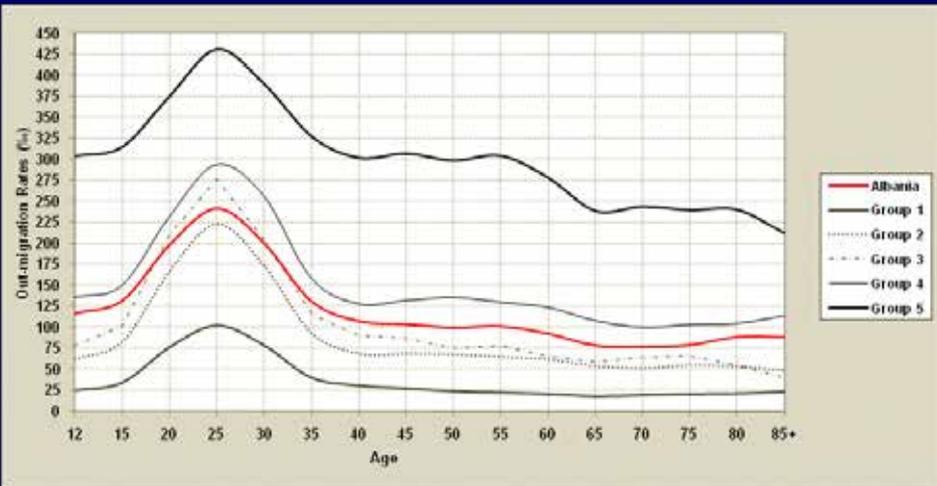
Inflow (females)



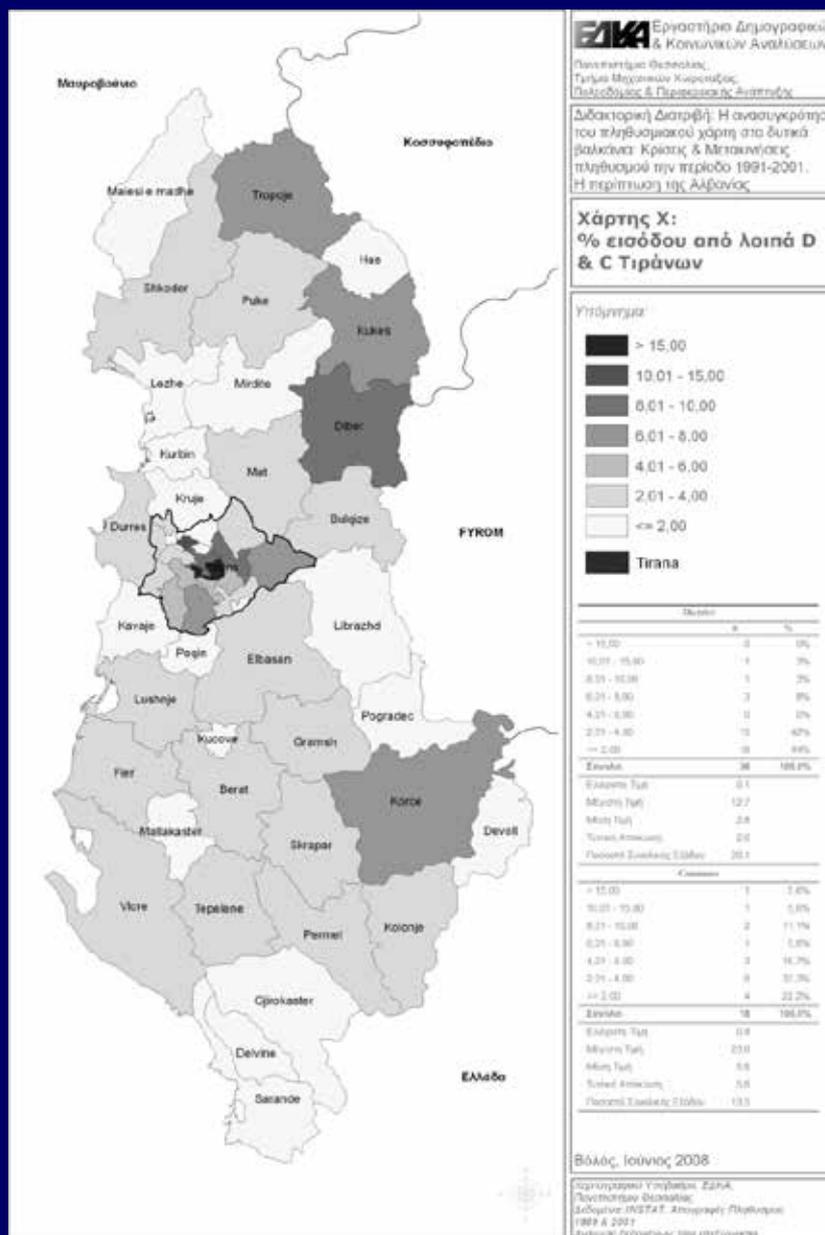
Outflow (males)



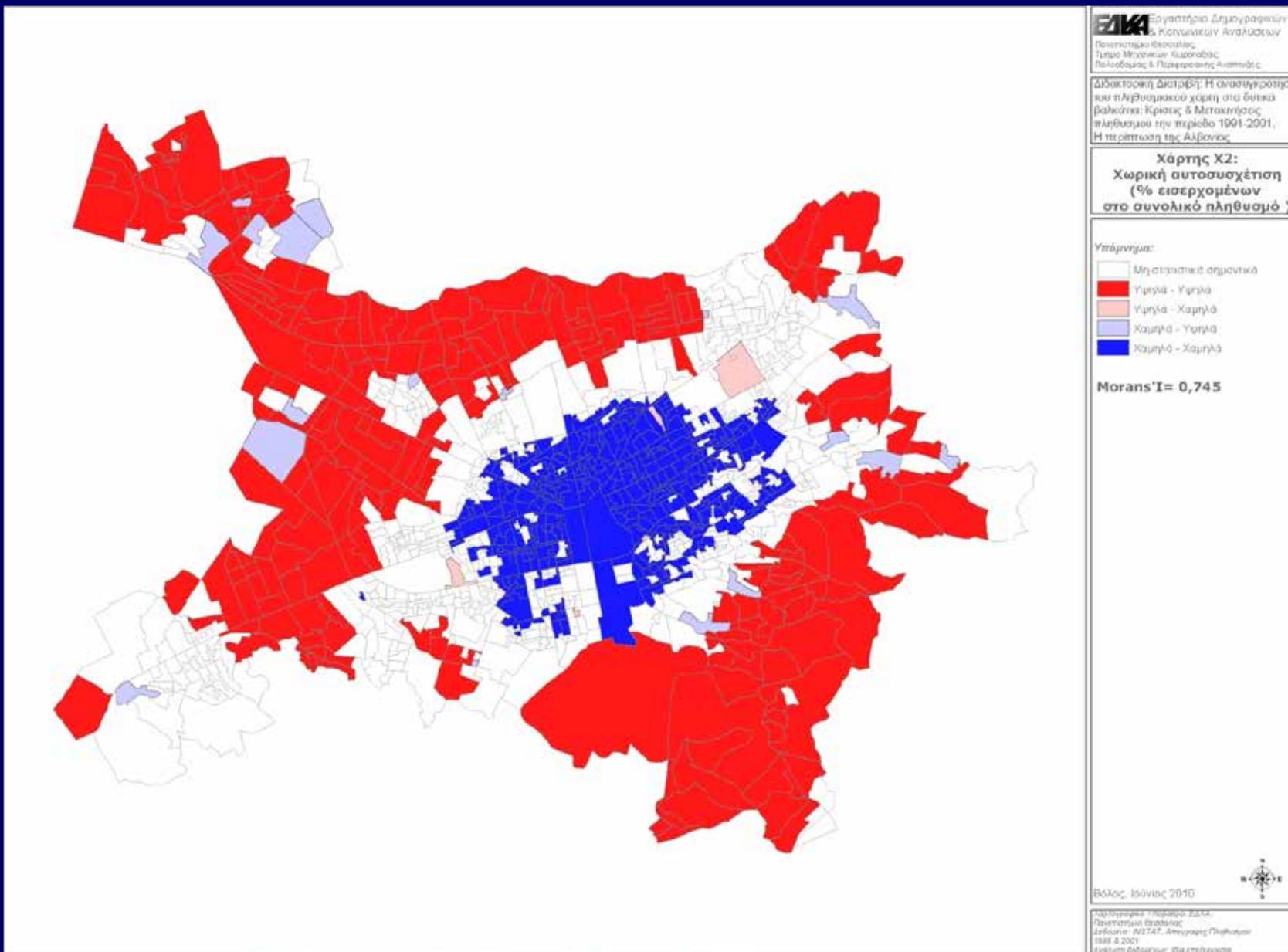
Outflow (females)



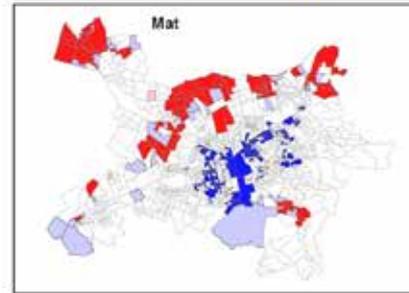
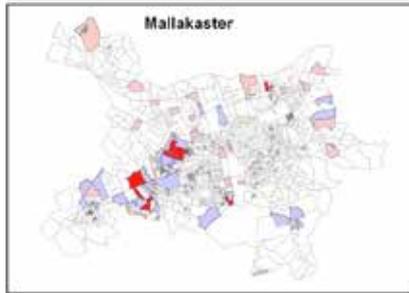
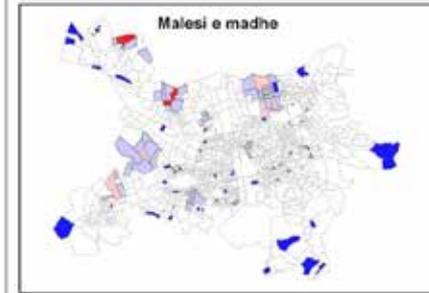
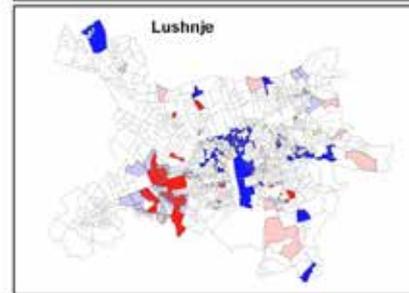
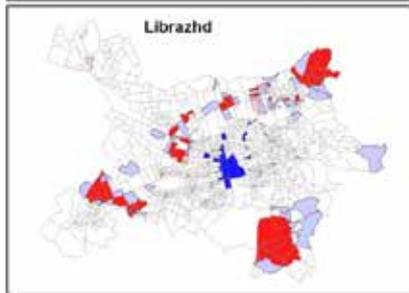
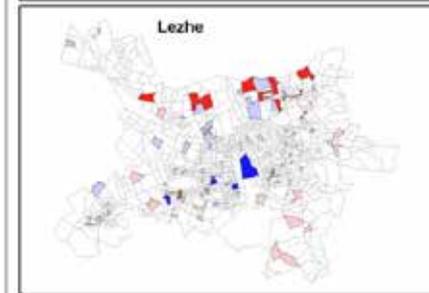
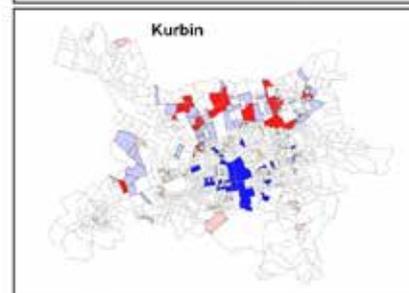
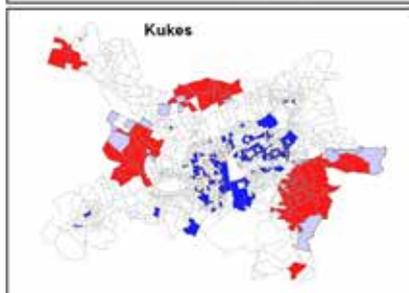
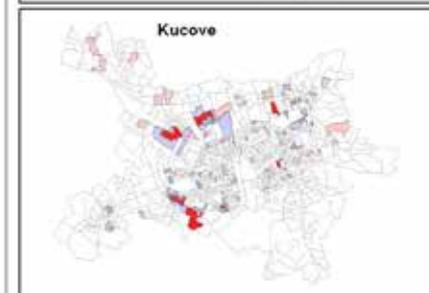
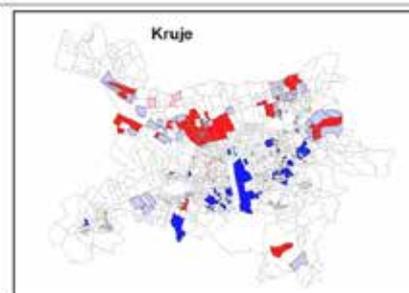
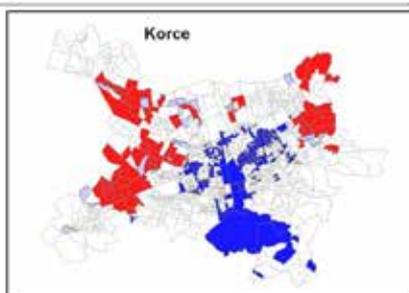
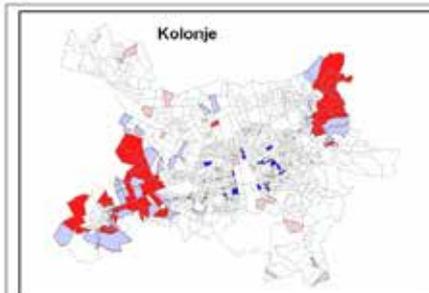
Discussion (1)



Discussion (2)



Discussion (3)



ΕΛΣΑ Εργαστήριο Δημογραφικών
Παισιμαχικών Διαδικασιών
Τμήμα Μηχανικών Χωροτάξιας,
Πολιτικής & Περιφερειακής Ανάπτυξης

Διδακτορική Διπλωμή: Η ανασυστατική
του πληθυσμιακού χώρου στα δεκάτα
βελώνια: Κρίσεις & Μεταστοιχίες
πληθυσμού την περίοδο 1981-2001.
Η περίπτωση της Αλβανίας.

**Χάρτης Χ2:
Χωρική αυτοσυσχέτιση
(% εισερχομένων
από District X)**

Υπόμνημα:

- Μη στατιστικά σημαντικά
- Υψηλό - Υψηλό
- Υψηλό - Χαμηλό
- Χαμηλό - Υψηλό
- Χαμηλό - Χαμηλό

σσ	District / Νομός	Moran's I
1	Kukes	0,5067
2	Korce	0,4556
3	Mat	0,3310
4	Kolonje	0,1829
5	Lushnje	0,1414
6	Librazhd	0,1407
7	Kruje	0,1090
8	Kurbin	0,0957
9	Kucove	0,0548
10	Lezhe	0,0481
11	Mallakaster	0,0323
12	Malesi e madhe	0,0047

Βόλος, Ιανουάριος 2010

Παρασκευαστής: Γεώργιος ΕΣΠΑ
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ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΘΕΣΣΑΛΙΑΣ



End of Session

